Response to Intervention: Secondary Schools

Section 2: School-Wide Approach

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Take a Minute...

At your School, how are students with basic skill deficits in reading and math identified? What interventions are provided? What are the outcomes of interventions?

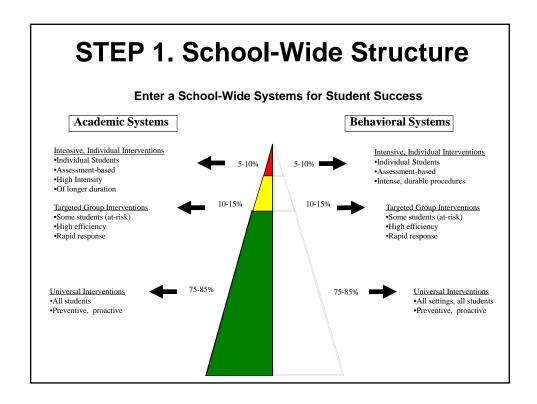
How are poorly motivated students addressed? How effective are efforts to improve poorly motivated students?

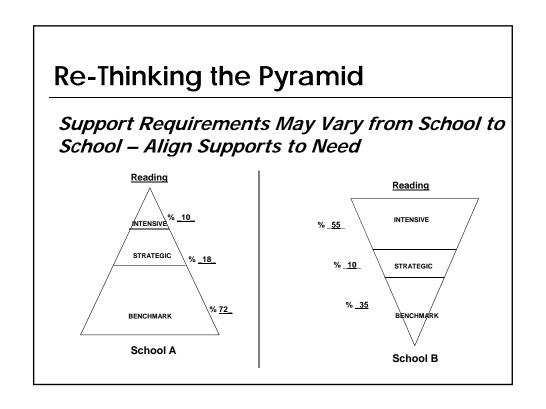
RTI for Secondary Schools: Priorities

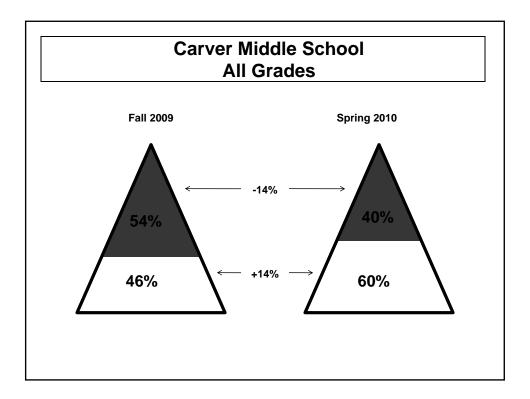
- Tier 1: Examine your SCHOOL CULTURE; add support structures
- Build Scientifically Based Data System for Universal Screening for Basic Skill Deficits and Progress Monitoring
- Build the MOST EFFECTIVE Tier 2 and Tier 3 Programs You Can-Identify time and structure to support programming
- Teach and Ensure Understanding of Foundational Concepts and Vocabulary – teach less, but better
- **Solution** Evaluate and Problem Solve Systems
- Build Your Leadership and Staff Development Plan

To Get There in Practice, We Need to Establish the Following:

- 1. Systems well designed structure for addressing all students
- 2. Assessment for the purpose of identifying students in need, differentiating instruction, and evaluating student progress and program effectiveness
- 3. Intervention Scientifically validated programs and teaching practices across all levels of the system
- 4. Problem Solving Systems and individuals







Systematic? Contrasting Approaches

School A:

(School-Wide Approach)

- ✓ Students screened
- ✓ Support aligned to student needs and immediate
- ✓ Support pre-arranged structured for success
- ✓ Monitoring system evaluates effectiveness of supports
- Pre-established goals must be met
- ✓ Focus is to assure Effective Systems

School B:

- Struggling students identified for support over time by teachers
- ✓ Support often a "one size fits all" or require students to "qualify"
- ✓ Plan for support is "reactive"
- ✓ Limited use of monitoring and specific to students
- ✓ Goal is time oriented
- ✓ Limited or no evaluation of systems

Consider...

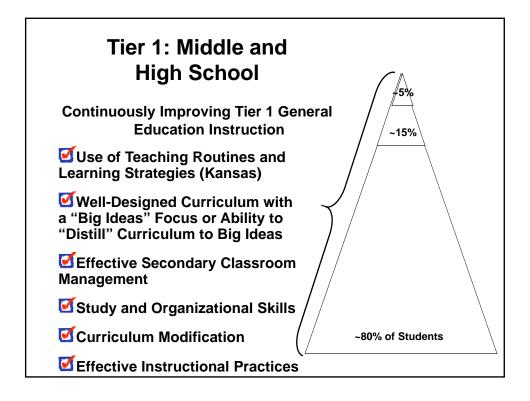
Is your school more like school A or school B? Compare and contrast.

How are student supports organized?

What percent of Students fail one or more classes?

Consider Tier 1 Supports:

- ➤ School Culture (student failure is our failure)
- > Effectiveness of instruction
- > Staff Attitudes
- > Student Supports in Gen. Ed.
- > Preventative and Proactive Structures



We Begin With a Question:

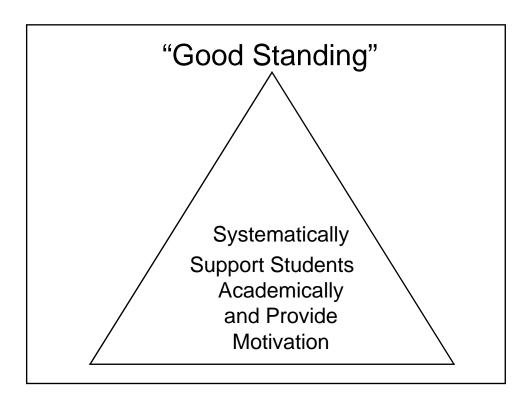
How Serious Are We About Improving Supports for All Students at the Secondary Level?

Examine School Culture

QuickTime™ and a H.263 decompressor are needed to see this picture.

Take a moment to discuss your school's culture.

- 1. How does it compare to the two schools identified in the video.
- 2. Identify your school's similarities to each.
- 3. What changes could be made to improve your school's culture?



Good Standing

- Goal: Support and reward students; improve School Culture
- Good Standing Serves Multiple Purposes:
 - Support students academically immediately
 - 2. Motivate students to do their best consistently
 - 3. Improve accountability (teacher and student)

GOAL: Make it harder to fail than it is to just pass!

Good Standing Example

- PACE (Practice, Activity, Choice, Enrichment)
- Goal: Support and reward students; improve School Culture
- Two Purposes:
 - Support students academically immediately
 - Motivate students to do their best consistently

Pace: Support and Motivate Students

Support...

Support Students Academically – as soon as they need it.

- Provide specific and timely support Within the school day
- Provide opportunity for students to redo work, make up work, receive tutoring and intervention **Before** instruction moves on to other topics
- Support provided by subject area teachers

Pace: Support and Motivate Students

Motivate...

Motivate Students to do their best - consistently

- Motivate students by offering immediate and developmentally relevant Rewards
- Rewards include fun, attractive activities that allow opportunities to interact with peers –i.e., basketball, foosball, movies, walking
- Include opportunities to select artistic or intellectually engaging activities – i.e., chess, quiz bowl, research, quiet time

Intervention (42 min.)			
Teacher	Grade	A Day Subject	Location
Barry	7	Language	P-10
Bogard	8	Algebra	P-15
Bolton		Misc. Subjects	P-9
Brower	6/7	Open Intervention	Library
DuChaine	8	History	M-1
Frame	7	Science	8
Gallwas	6	Connected Math 2	P-6

Activity (42 min.)

A Day Activities	Location
AVID	M-2
Conditioning – weights	Weight Room
Basketball	Main Gym
Beading	Art Room
Board Games	P-8
Computer Lab	CL-2
Quiet Time	7
Movie	Auditorium
Quiz Bowl	8
Walking Club	Main Gym

Glacier Middle School

Glacier Middle School – Whiteriver, WA 900+ students, grades 6-8

Total F's

2008-2009			2009-2	2010		
QTR 1	QTR 2		QTR 1		QTR 2	
236	319		255 (+	8%)	235 (-2	26%)
					,	<u> </u>
		В	efore PA	CF		

4.5 Weeks after PACE

Glacier Middle School

of Students w/at least one F

2008-2009		2009-2010	
QTR 1	QTR 2	QTR 1	QTR 2
150	183	149 (-1%)	126 (-31%)
			<u> </u>

Before PACE 4.5 Weeks after PACE

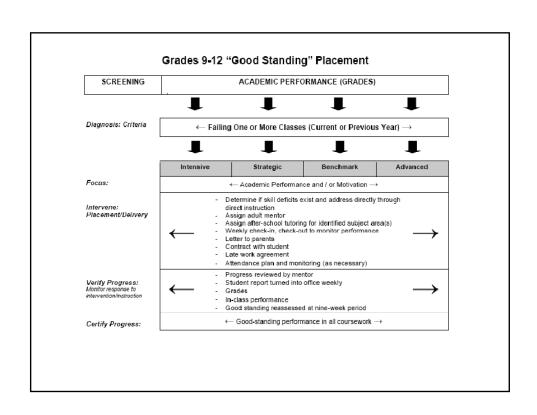
Glacier Middle School

Discipline Referrals

2008-2009	2009-2010	% Change
QTR 2	QTR 2	
393	246	-37%

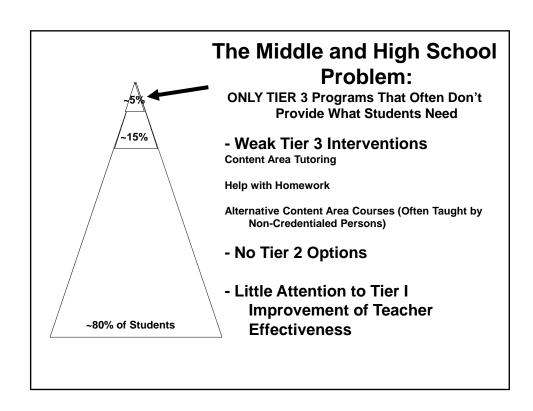
Suspensions

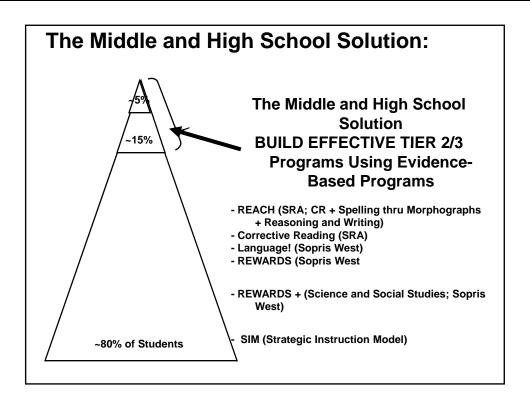
2008-2009	2009-2010	% Change
QTR 2	QTR 2	
36	19	-47%



Consider Tier 2/3 Supports:

- > Research basis of interventions
- > Alignment to student needs
- Correct Placement and Grouping
- > Assignment and Training of Staff
- > Coordination with Spec. Ed
- ➤ Goal: Skill acquisition
- >NO Quick FIX!





Rule #1! Make SE Worth It!

EFFECTIVE Programs Using Evidence-Based Programs

- REACH (SRA; CR + Spelling thru Morphographs + Reasoning and Writing)
- Corrective Reading (SRA)
- Language! (Sopris West)
- REWARDS (Sopris West)
- REWARDS + (Science and Social Studies; Sopris West)

THE SCHOOL-WIDE FRAMEWORK...

Three Learners

- **Benchmark** •Generally can meet standards
 - Average Learner
 - •Can Adapt and Adjust to teacher's style

Strategic:

- •Gaps in skill and knowledge
- 1-2 years behind (40th to 20th percentile)
- Struggles academically may appear unmotivated
- •Can read, but often has specific skill deficits (i.e., comp.)
- •May not complete homework

Intensive:

- •Tests below the 20th percentile
- Frustrated and unmotivated
- •Reading skills are very limited more than 2 years below
- Behaviors and absenteeism
- Cannot handle content area work

TIER 1: Benchmark (Regular Program)

A regular Program with occasional in-class modifications.

- Core reading instruction emphasizes proven vocabulary and comprehension strategies.
- In general, students are capable of performing well in content area classes, but may require occasional study strategies and additional support and/or motivation.

Examples:

Behavior Regular program Regular program Define

Expecatations

Proven vocabulary and Occasional tutoring/assistance Proactive and comprehension strategies preventative

TIER 2/3: Strategic

Supplemental Programs/Support

- Targeted interventions to address identified skill deficits (i.e., multisyllabic decoding, comprehension strategies, etc.)
- Separate reading intervention of 1-2 periods, often replacing English class, but for a short time period (1-2 semesters)
- Provide more instruction or practice in particular area(s) of need
- May include large or small tutoring group
- Provide more teacher scaffolding
- Provide more explicit and systematic instruction
- Provide more opportunities to respond

Examples:

ReadingMathBehaviorRewardsError AnalysisPBS -Language!Re-teachtargetedRead NaturallyMath Tutor

TIER 2/3: Intensive

Intensive Intervention Programs

- Requires separate intensive intervention of at least 2 hours per day, replaces traditional English class plus something else for 1-2 years.
- Provide more explicit, systematic instruction to teach basic literacy skills.
- Instruction provided by person trained in intervention program
- Typically delivered in small group settings
- Will require accommodations and modfications
- Content area classes with Mainstream Consultation Agreement

Examples:

 Reading
 Math
 Behavior

 Read 180
 Corrective Math
 PBS

 Corrective Reading
 Number Worlds
 FBA

Language!

Activity

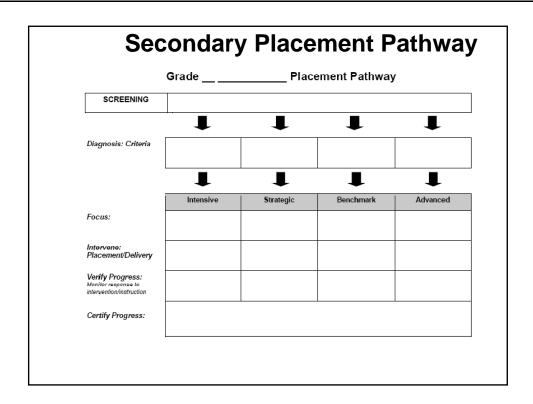
School-Wide

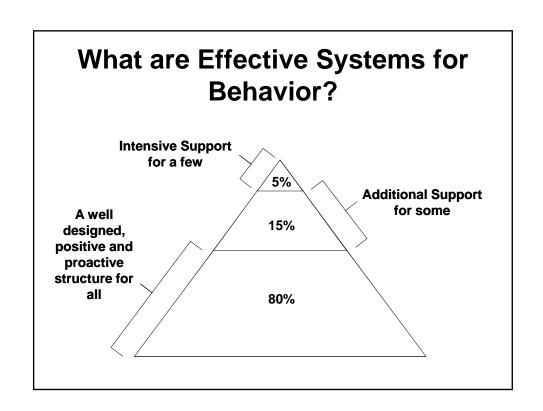
ACTIVITY

Answer the following:

- A. What are the three levels of instructional support?
- B. What is the difference between Strategic and Intensive supports?
- C. What type of support are likely required for Intensive students?
- D. What level of support would you recommend for a student with an IEP?

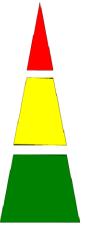
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School-Wide Attendance Model

THREE-TIER ATTENDANCE MODEL



Intensive Intervention

- Below 85% attendance pattern at
- any time

 Second phone call or attendance

- Strategic Intervention

 85%-95% attendance pattern at any time

 Family Contact from teacher

- Student Support Team Letter from Administrator Home Visit/Student Pick Up

- Procedure

 Teachers call the family of any student who has an unavariated late or sheem? days in three weeks.

 Teachers notify the family and attendance team of any child with a particular pattern of absences or tardies [Monday/Friday, every Tunedays]

- sends letter
 calls family
 does a home visit
 facilitates a Student Support Team Meeting

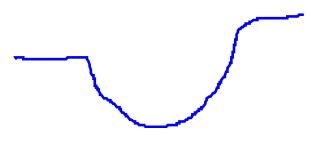
- Meeting
 develops an attendance plan with
 student and family
 creates a red flag list for
 attendance secretary who notifies
 administrator immediately if a student is absent
- monitors intensive students daily fax papers to Truant officer when plan fails
- plan fails

 Assigns the student a mentor for weekly check-ins with student/family

What else is it going to take?

- Paradigm Shift changing thought patterns - Deal with 'Head Issues' and 'Killer Phrases'
- Utilizing All Resources
- Professional Development initially and on-going
- Technical Assistance and Support
- Administrative Leadership

Implementation Dip



Just because there are problems doesn't mean you are on the wrong track.

We Do a Self Study

- **Existing Systems of Supports for Intensive Remedial**Basic Skill Problems and Supporting Content Area
 Learning
- ✓ Are Our Intervention Programs Aligned with Student Needs and Scientifically Based?
- ☑ Existing Universal Screening and Progress Monitoring
 Systems: Are They Scientifically Based?
- ☑ Identify Ideas, Tools, Forms, and *Roles* That Can Be Abandoned, *Including How Your Old Teams Worked.*Thought: don't simply pile on!

Activity

School-Wide

ACTIVITY

- 1. As a team, discuss how your school is currently structured to meet the needs of students.
- 2. Are interventions available matched to the instructional needs of students?
- 3. How successful are students in content area classes?
- 4. Define "Good Standing" and brainstorm supports to be provided to students

